§ 421.128 Intermediary's opportunity for hearing and right to judicial review.

(a) *Basis for appeal.* An intermediary adversely affected by any of the following actions shall be granted an opportunity for a hearing:

(1) Assignment or reassignment of providers to another intermediary.

(2) Designation of a national or regional intermediary to serve a class of providers.

(3) Termination of the agreement.

(b) *Request for hearing.* The intermediary shall file the request with HCFA within 20 days from the date on the notice of intended action.

(c) *Hearing procedures.* The hearing officer shall be a representative of the Secretary and not otherwise a party to the initial administrative decision. The intermediary may be represented by counsel and may present evidence and examine witnesses. A complete recording of the proceedings at the hearing will be made and transcribed.

(d) *Judicial review.* An adverse hearing decision concerning action under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section is subject to judicial review in accordance with 5 U.S.C. chapter 7.

(e) As specified in § 421.118, contracts awarded under the experimental authority of HCFA are not subject to the provisions of this section.

(f) *Exception.* An intermediary adversely affected by the designation of a regional intermediary or an alternative regional intermediary for HHAs, or an intermediary for hospices, under § 421.117 of this subpart is not entitled to a hearing or judicial review concerning adverse effects caused by the designation of an intermediary.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 38540, Sept. 1, 1982; 49 FR 3660, Jan. 30, 1984; 53 FR 17945, May 19, 1988]

Subpart C—Carriers

§ 421.200 Carrier functions.

A contract between HCFA and a carrier, other than a regional DMEPOS carrier, specifies the functions to be performed by the carrier which must include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

(a) *Coverage.* (1) The carrier ensures that payment is made only for services that are:

(i) Furnished to Medicare beneficiaries;

(ii) Covered under Medicare; and

(iii) In accordance with PRO determinations when they are services for which the PRO has assumed review responsibility under its contract with HCFA.

(2) The carrier takes appropriate action to reject or adjust the claim if—

(i) The carrier or the PRO determines that the services furnished or proposed to be furnished were not reasonable, not medically necessary, or not furnished in the most appropriate setting;

(ii) The carrier determines that the claim does not properly reflect the kind and amount of services furnished.

(b) *Payment on a cost basis.* If payment is on a cost basis, the carrier must assure that payments are based on reasonable costs, as determined under part 413 of this chapter.

(c) *Payment on a charge basis.* If payment is on a charge basis, under part 405, subpart E of this chapter, the carrier must ensure that—

(1) Charges are reasonable and not higher than the charge for a comparable service furnished under comparable circumstances to the carrier's policy holders and subscribers; and

(2) The payment is based on one of the following—

(i) An itemized bill.

(ii) An assignment under the terms of which the reasonable charge is the full charge for the service, as specified in § 424.55 of this chapter.

(iii) If the beneficiary has died, the procedures set forth in §§ 424.62 and 424.64 of this chapter.

(d) *Fiscal management.* The carrier must receive, disburse, and account for funds in making payments under Medicare.

(e) *Provider audits.* The carrier must audit the records of providers to whom it makes Medicare Part B payments to assure that payments are made properly.

(f) *Utilization patterns.* (1) The carrier must have methods and procedures for identifying utilization patterns that deviate from professionally established norms and bring the deviant patterns